IEEE 802.16m Update

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These slides are available on-line at:

http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/wimax/16m0706.htm

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- □ Requirements:
 - > General requirements
 - > Functional Requirements
 - > Performance Requirements
 - > Operational requirements
- 802.16m Evaluation Methodology: ToC

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TGm Technical Documents

- □ System requirements document (SRD)
 - > Requirements to be met by 16m
 - > Defines scope of SDD and TGm amendment
 - > Similar to stage 1 in 3GPP
- Evaluation methodology
- □ System description document (SDD)
 - > Describes complete 16m end system
 - > Captures technical decisions
 - > Similar to stage 2 in 3GPP
- □ TGm Amendment: Detailed specification

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IEEE 802.16m Overview

- □ Candidate for IMT-Advanced evaluation process
- □ IMT-Advanced next generation mobile networks ITU-R report M.2072
- □ Amendment to 802.16-2004 and 16e.
- □ Advanced air interface for operation in licensed bands

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General Requirements

- Meet all the IMT-Advanced performance requirements.
- System requirements for a system comprising of all new MSs and BSs.
- Legacy support: Mobile System Profile, Release 1.0 (Revision 1.4.0: 2007-05-02) [1].
 - > 16m MS shall be able to operate with a legacy BS
 - ➤ 16m and 16e shall be able to operate on the same RF carrier, with the same/different channel bandwidth
 - > 16m BS shall support a mix of 16m and legacy MSs
 - > 16m BS shall support seamless handover of a legacy MS to and from legacy BS
- Minimize complexity and number of options

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General Requirements (Cont)

- Operating frequencies: less than 6 GHz
- Operating bandwidths: 5 to 20 MHz and more.
- □ Duplex schemes: TDD and FDD, HFDD
- Both unpaired and paired frequency allocations
- □ UL/DL ratio should be configurable in both TDD and FDD
- Downlink-only configurations on a given carrier.
- Advanced antenna techniques
 - Minimum 2 Xmit and 2 Rcv For BS
 - Minimum 1 Xmit and 2 Rcv for MS
 - => Minimum 2x2 downlink and 1x2 uplink

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General Requirements (Cont)

- □ Support for government mandates and public safety first responders, military and emergency services such as call-prioritization, pre-emption, push-to-talk.
- □ Emergency Services (E9-1-1) [12] and Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act (CALEA) [13] [14]

Functional Requirements

- Peak data rate:
 - Downlink (BS->MS) > 6.5 bps/Hz, Uplink (MS->BS) > 2.8 bps/Hz
 - > After phy overhead pilots, cyclic-prefix, guard bands and guard intervals.
 - > 20 MHz => 130 Mbps
- Latency: Lower than 16e in all cases air link, state transition delay, access delay, and handover.
 - > Data latency: Deliver one one MAC PDU Downlink (BS->MS) 10 ms max, Uplink (MS->BS) 10 ms max
 - > State transition latency: from idle to active mode in less than 100ms
 - Max Handover interruption time: Intra-frequency 50 ms, Inter-frequency 150 ms

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Functional Requirements (Cont)

- QoS: Maintained when switching between radio access technologies (RATs)
- Service continuity during handover for both inter-RAT and intra-RAT handover.
- □ Enhanced multicast broadcast service (E-MBS) via a dedicated carrier.
- Optimized switching between broadcast and unicast services
- Max MBS channel reselection interruption times: Intra-frequency 1s, Inter-frequency 1.5s
- High resolution location determination.
- Reduce overhead associated with headers of higher layer protocols
- Multi-RAT operation: 802.11, 3GPP GSM/EDGE, UMTS WCDMA, LTE, CDMA2000 Washington University in St. Louis

Performance Requirements

- □ 2x user throughput related to 16e
- □ 2x sector throghput (bps/Hz/Sector) in DL, and 1.5x in UL
- 1.5x VOIP capacity (active users/MHz/sector)
- Min 60 active VOIP users/MHz/sector assuming a 12.2 kbps codec with a 40% activity factor
- Mobility: Optimized for 0-15 km/h, marginal degradation 15-120 km/h, maintain connection 120-350 km/h
- □ 3 dB improvement in link budget over 16e
- □ Optimized for cell sizes of up to 5km. Graceful degradation in spectral efficiency for 5-30km. Functional for 30-100 km.

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Performance Requirements (Cont)

- E-MBS services with 4 bps/Hz for inter-site distance of 0.5 km, 2 bps/Hz for 1.5km
- Both mixed unicast/multicast and dedicated MBS carriers
- □ Location-based services:
 - > Handset-based position accuracy 50m (67% of time) 150m (95% of time)
 - > Network-based position accuracy 100m (67% of the time) 300m (95% of the time)

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Operational requirements

- Operate in lagacy 16e spectrum
- Operate in other legacy RAT spectrums
- □ 16m should provide enhancements to enable multi-hop relays.
- Synchronize frame timing and frame counters with BSs of same-technology neighboring systems
- Co-deployment with other networks
 - > 16m is anticipated to be deployed in the same RF bands as the legacy network.
 - Co-deployable in same or overlapping geographical areas with other RATs

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802.16m Evaluation Methodology: ToC

- 1. Introduction
- 2. System Level Set-up
- 3. Duplex Schemes
- 4. Channel Models: TDL Models, TDL Models with Antenna Correlation, System Model Definition, Channel Mix, Interference Channel Modelling, Path Loss Model, Spatial Channel Model
- 5. Link-to-System Mapping: PHY Abstraction, Mutual Information/Capacity ESM, EESM
- 6. Link Adaptation: Adaptive Modulation and Coding, H-ARQ, Channel Quality Feedback,
- 7. HARQ: ACK/NACK Channel

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802.16m Evaluation ToC (Cont)

- 8. Scheduling: DL scheduler UL scheduler
- 9. Handoff: Single Mobile MS Model, Trajectories, Cell Topology, Handover Performance Metrics
- 10. Power Management (informative)
- 11. Traffic Models: HTTP, FTP, VOIP, NRT Video Streaming, Gaming, Traffic Mixes
- 12. Simulation Procedure and Flow
- 13. Simulation Outputs and Performance Metrics
- 14. Template for Reporting Results

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802.16m Evaluation ToC (Cont)

Appendix-A: Correlation of Angular Spread and Shadowing Factor

Appendix-B: Calculation of Circular Angular Spread

Appendix-C: Spatial Correlation Calculation

Appendix-D: Polarized Antenna

Appendix-E: LOS Option with a K-factor

Appendix-F: Antenna Gain Imbalance and Coupling

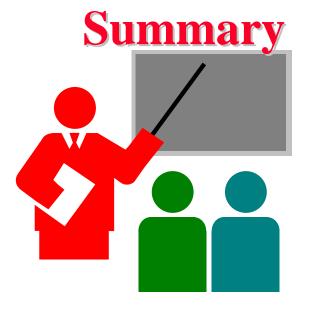
Appendix-G: 19-Cell Wrap-Around Implementation

Appendix-H: Calculation of PAPR and Cubic Metric

Appendix-I: Overhead Calculations

Appendix-J: Fixed User Locations For System Level Calibration

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- □ Requirements document draft is almost complete
- □ Evaluation methodology document is being revised. New version to be released 6/18/07.

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Abbreviations and acronyms

- □ CALEA Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act
- □ E-MBS enhanced multicast broadcast service
- LBS location based services
- MBS multicast broadcast service
- MBSFN multicast broadcast single frequency network
- MIH media independent handover
- MS mobile station
- NCMS network control and management services
- RAN radio access network
- RAT radio access technology
- RRM radio resource management

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- [11] WiMAX Forum System Performance White Paper, http://www.wimaxforum.org/technology/downloads/Mobile_WiMAX_Part1_Overview_and_Performance.pdf
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- [14] Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act and Broadband Access and Services First Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. ET Docket No. 04-295, RM-10865, 20 FCC Rcd 14989 (2005).

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