



q ATM Forum Activities:

- q Subgroups
- q Status of Subgroups
- q New AAL

q Our Efforts:





q Traffic management and scheduling

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ATM Forum VTOA Subgroups

- q ATM Trunking for Narrowband Services
 - q Phase 1 forwarded for straw vote (Oct 96)
 - q Switched trunking for 64 kbps circuits
 - q Narrowband signaling interworking
- q Voice and Telephony to the Desktop
 - q Phase 1 in straw vote (Dec 96)
 - q Single 64 kb/s PCM voice to the desktop
 - q Interworking with ISDN and PBXs
 - q Basic supplementary services supported by UNI 4
 - q Compressed voice with silence removal in Phase 2

- q VTOA Mobile Trunking: Low bit rate voice
 - q Work started in April 1996
 - q A new AAL is being defined
 - q AAL CU format agreed at ATM Forum
 - q ITU will freeze the text in Feb 97
- q DS3/E3 Circuit Emulation Service
 - q Straw vote comments being resolved

Current Desktop Standard

- q Using AAL1: 47 bytes of payload. (AAL5 also allowed)
- q No forward error correction
- q No partial fill
- q Does detect cell loss

	← Sequence N	Number —				_
	Convergence Sublayer Indication	Sequence Count	Sequence Number Protection	Parity	Payload	
	1b	3b	3b	1b	47B	
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Delay

- q 48 bytes at 64 kbps = 6 ms \Rightarrow Need Echo cancelers
- q 48 bytes at 16 kbps = 24 ms \Rightarrow too long
- q Can't fill a cell completely
- q Current AALs allow segmentation (long packets to multiple cells).
- q Do not allow blocking (short packets in one cell)



Key Requirements for New AAL

- q Allow transfer of short variable length packets
- q Allow packets with variable inter-arrival times
- q Allow packets to cross ATM cell boundaries
- q Allow for partially filled cells
- q Resynchronize under loss or errors
- q Allow multiple connections to be multiplexed on one VC
- q Allow clock recovery
- q Allow inband signaling

New AAL									
Circuit ID	Length	User-to-User	Header Err	cor Chk	Payload				
8 bits	6 bits	5 bits	5 bits	1-	-64 Bytes				

q AAL-CU (T1S1): 3 octet packet headerCU stands for Composite Users (ITU SG 13 terminology)

- q 3 octets of overhead for one voice channel per VC
- q 1 Octet per cell overhead (47 bytes for packets) + 5 byte
 ATM header

Traffic Management

- **q** Traffic management is the key to delay and bandwidth guarantees
- q ATM Forum has developed a very sophisticated traffic management standard for data
 - q Four classes of service
 - q Seven different ways



Classes of Service

- **q CBR** (Constant bit rate): User declares required rate. Throughput, delay and delay variation guaranteed.
- **vBR** (Variable bit rate): User declares average and max rate.
 - rt-VBR (Real-time variable bit rate): Conferencing.Max delay and delay variation guaranteed.
 - nrt-VBR (non-real time variable bit rate): Stored video.Mean delay guaranteed.
- q ABR (Available bit rate): Follows feedback instructions.Network gives maximum throughput with minimum loss.
- **q** UBR (Unspecified bit rate):
 - User sends whenever it wants. No feedback mechanism. No guarantee. Cells may be dropped during congestion.



Traffic Management Functions

- q Connection Admission Control (CAC):Can requested bandwidth and quality of service be supported?
- q Traffic Shaping: Limit burst length. Space-out cells.
- q Usage Parameter Control (UPC): Monitor and control traffic at the network entrance.
- q Network Resource Management:Scheduling, Queueing, virtual path resource reservation
- q Selective cell discard:Cell Loss Priority (CLP) = 1 cells may be droppedCells of non-complient connections may be dropped
- q Frame Discarding
- q Feedback Controls: Network tells the source to increase or decrease its load.

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Traffic Management

- q Participation in ATM Forum since its inception
- q DECbit scheme (1986)
- q Explicit Feedback Congestion Indication (EFCI) in Frame Relay and ATM Switches EFCI







- q Explicit Rate Indication for Congestion Avoidance (ERICA)Switch Algorithm
- **q** ERICA+ : 100% utilization and low delay
- q Three patents
- q Multiclass scheduling

Traffic Management

- q ERICA
- q TCP/IP over ATM
- q Multiclass scheduling
- q VS/VD
- q Point to multipoint
- q Connection admission control

ERICA Switch Algorithm

- q Each manufacturer will have its own explicit rate switch algorithm
- q Explicit Rate Indication for Congestion Avoidance (ERICA) is the most thoroughly analyzed algorithm among disclosed algorithms
- q Shown to be efficient, fair, fast transient response, able to handle bursty TCP traffic
- q ERICA+ allows low delay even at 100% utilization and provides stability in the presence of high frequency VBR background traffic
- q Being implemented by several vendors



- q Ensure *no-starvation* for all classes even under overload.
- q Each class has a guaranteed *allocation*
- q Some classes need minimum delay \Rightarrow have *priority*.
- q Some classes are greedy: They will send more than allocated and will want to use all left-over.
- q Left-over capacity must be *fairly* allocated.
- q ERICA scheduler achieves all these goals.

Connection Admission Control

- q What should the voice sources demand to get a desired loss rate?
- **q** What should the switches ensure to meet a given guarantee?
- **q** Should a switch accept all data connection requests?
- q Number of data connections on a link and the distances the connections are going do affect the performance of voice connections.

Other Related Projects at OSU

- q OCARnet
- q National ATM Benchmarking Lab

OSU National ATM Benchmarking Lab

- q "The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis" + ATM Forum involvement
 - \Rightarrow ATM benchmarking at OSU
- q Modeled after Harvard lab for routers
- q Benchmarks run in our lab
- q Benchmark scripts can be run by any manufacturer
- q Presentations at N+I Atlanta (Sep 1995)
- q Leading the work at ATM Forum since Oct 1995
- q Currently defining metrics and measurement methodology

OCARNet

- q Ohio Computing and Communications Research Network
- q Six (soon eight) Institution consortium lead by OSU
 - q Ohio State University
 - q Ohio Super Computer Center
 - q OARnet
 - q Cleaveland State University
 - q Kent State University
 - q University of Dayton
 - q University of Cincinnati
 - q Wright State Univer







- q Three activities: VTOA to Desktop, ATM Trunking of narrowband, and Low bit rate voice
- q VTOA over Desktop and ATM Trunking group are using AAL1
- q Low bit rate voice is planning a new AAL

References: VTOA

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- q J. Hopkins, "Comparison of AAL-CU Protocols," ATMF/96-0846, June 1996
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References: Traffic Management

- q All our papers and contributions are available on-line: http://www.cis.ohio-state.edu/~jain/
- q R. Jain, "Congestion Control in ATM Networks: Recent Advances and a Survey," Computer Networks and ISDN Systems, November 1996. Available on <u>http://www.cis.ohio-state.edu/~jain/</u>
- q ATM Forum Traffic Management Specification Version
 4.0, available at <u>ftp://ftp.atmforum.com/pub/approved-</u>
 <u>specs/af-tm-56.000.ps</u>
- q Raj Jain, Shiv Kalyanaraman, Sonia Fahmy, Rohit Goyal, S. Kim, "Source Behavior for ATM ABR Traffic Management: An Explanation," IEEE Communications Magazine, November 1, 1996, <u>http://www.cis.ohio-</u> <u>state.edu/~jain/papers/src_rule.ps</u>

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