Recent Networking Developments for IoT: What's In What's Out

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Keynote at the International Workshop on Internet of Things and Security, Stratford, UK, February 18, 2020 These slides and a video of this talk are at: <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/iots_uk.htm</u>

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- 1. Current Trends in IoT \Rightarrow Research topics
- 2. Micro-Clouds, Edge Computing
- 3. Security
- 4. AI and Machine Learning
- 5. Blockchains



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Past: Smart Everything



Smart Watch



Smart TV



Smart Car

Smart Kegs



Smart Health



Smart Home



Smart Space



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Smart Industries

What's Smart?

- $\Box \quad Old: Smart = Can think \Rightarrow Computation$
- $\Box \quad Later: Smart = Can recall \Rightarrow Storage$
- $\square Now: Smart = Can communicate \Rightarrow Connected$
- Smart watch, smart home, smart TV are smart simply because they are connected

Not-Smart



Smart

Ref: Gibson, D.V., Kozmetsky, G., Smilor, R.W. (eds.), "The Technopolis Phenomenon: Smart Cities, Fast Systems, Global Networks," Rowman & Littlefield, New York (1992), 224 pp., ISBN:0847677583

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Google



- Sensor based IoT around for 14 years (Since 2006)
 RFID was there before but not real networking.
- □ iPhone: January 9, 2007
- □ IERC-European Research Cluster on the Internet of Things funded under 7th Framework in 2009 ⇒ "Internet of European Things"
- □ US interest started in 2009 w \$3.4B funding for smart grid in American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Ref: Subharthi Paul, Jianli Pan, Raj Jain, "Architectures for the Future Networks and the Next Generation Internet: A Survey," Computer Communications, UK, Volume 34, Issue 1, 15 January 2011, pp. 2-42,

http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/i3survey.htm

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Trend 1: Clouds to Micro-Clouds

- Cloud computing was invented in 2006
- Then: Cloud = Large Data Center Multiple VMs managed by a cloud management system (OpenStack)
- Today: Cloud = Computing using virtual resources
 - µCloud = Cloud in a server with multiple VMs.
 - > VMs managed via cloud management SW, e.g., OpenStack

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Trend 2: Core to Edge Computing

□ To service mobile users/IoT, Computation needs to come to edge ⇒ Mobile Edge Computing ⇒ Multi-Cloud Computing



Trend 3: Services to Micro-Services

Decomposition: Applications are broken in to smaller pieces that run in isolation on multi-clouds



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Trend 7: Edge AI

- Edge Computing + $AI \Rightarrow AI$ in things
- Amazon's DeepLens camera has built-in AI Google Clips camera knows what to photograph
- Moving AI to the Edge \Rightarrow Anomaly Detection
- Deep Neural Network ASICs \Rightarrow GPUs replaced by Tensor Processing Units (TPUs)



Ref: A. Teng, G. Brocklehurst, "Hype Cycle for Semiconductors and Electronics Technologies, 2018," Gartner ID G00340360, 30 July 2018, 61 pp. Washington University in St. Louis

http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/iots uk.htm

Tensor Processing Units

- □ Moving AI to the Edge \Rightarrow Data Compression and Anomaly Detection
- **Google Coral Development Board**
 - Edge Tensor Processing Unit (TPU)
 - > Machine learning accelerator
 - > Low cost: Below \$150
- Similar offerings from Nvidia (Jetson nano) and others



Ref: A. Teng, G. Brocklehurst, "Hype Cycle for Semiconductors and Electronics Technologies, 2018," Gartner ID G00340360, 30 July 2018, 61 pp. Washington University in St. Louis

http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/iots uk.htm



 \Rightarrow Xiangmai has recalled 10,000 webcams.

 Ref: T. Green, "The secret behind the success of Mirai IoT botnets," Network World, Oct 27, 2016, http://www.networkworld.com/article/3136314

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 http://www.networkworld.com/article/3136314

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Attack Surface

- 1. IoT Devices
- 2. IoT wireless access technology: DECT, Wi-Fi, Z-wave, ...
- 3. IoT Gateway: Smart Phone
- 4. Home LAN: Wi-Fi, Ethernet, Powerline, ...
- 5. **IP Network**: DNS, Routers, ...
- 6. Higher-layer Protocols
- 7. Cloud
- 8. Management Platform: Web interface
- 9. Life Cycle Management: Booting, Pairing, Updating, ...



Trend 8: AI Everywhere

- Intelligent security
- Intelligent human interface
- Intelligent data compression and analytics
 - > Intelligent Things
 - > Intelligent Gateways/Servers
 - > Intelligent Edge/Core Clouds
 - > Intelligent LAN/WAN Networks



Machine Learning Challenges

- □ Machine learning is currently a black box
- ML algorithms are developed/used without domain expertise
- Data cleanliness, labeling, feature extractions, all require domain knowledge, e.g., What is the distance between Port 80, Port 81, and Port 8080?
- □ Synthetic data is used \Rightarrow Garbage-In, Garbage-Out
- □ Results are stated without model validation.



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AI for Security

- AI started with image analysis but needs to be extended for security
- Security data is very different from image data
 - > Most security datasets are not representative of real world.
 - > In most papers, 10-15% of the packets are attack packets
- □ In real-world, 1 in a billion packets is an attack packet
 - > Mis-classify the attack packet \Rightarrow 99.9999% accuracy
 - Current metrics and methods not suitable for highly imbalanced data
- **Data imbalance** is a key issue in AI for security

1% attack =





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Trend 9: AI to Explainable AI

 Explainability issue
 No idea of why the results are what they are Can't discover bugs in ML model implementations



Machine Learning is what only machines can do, but human cannot do and cannot explain

Ref: M. Zolanvari, M. A. Teixeira, R. Jain, "Effect of Imbalanced Datasets on Security of Industrial IoT Using Machine Learning," 2018 IEEE International Conference on Intelligence and Security Informatics (ISI), Miami FL, Nov. 9 - 11, 2018, 6 pp., http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/imb_isi.htm

M. Zolanvari, M. A. Teixeira, R. Jain, "An Explainable Machine Learning Based Security Framework: A Special Case on Industrial IoT," Submitted February 2019.

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Blockchains

- □ Blockchain is the technology that made Bitcoin secure
- Blockchain was invented by the inventor of Bitcoin
- After Bitcoin became successful, people started looking into the technology behind Bitcoin and found:
 - > Blockchain is the key for its success
 - > Two complete strangers can complete a transaction/contract without a third party

Example of a Contract: Wedding



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Wedding (Cont)

□ Centralized Trust □ Distributed Trust





Centralized registry
Single point of failure
Easier to hacked

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Decentralized
No single point of failure
Very difficult to hack

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Trend 10: Centralized to Decentralized

- Trend: Make everything decentralized with no central point of trust
- Two perfect strangers can exchange money, make a contract without a trusted third party
- Decentralized systems are
 - 1. More secure: Attack tolerant
 - 2. No single bottleneck
 - 3. More reliable: Fault tolerant
 - 4. No single point of control \Rightarrow No monopoly
- Blockchain is one way to do this among untrusted multi-domain systems.

Time is a cycle: Decentralized vs. Centralized debate

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Blockchain 4.0: Database to Knowledge Base

- □ Blockchain = Distributed database of smart contracts
- Probabilistic blockchain = Knowledge + database
- □ **Database**: Who bought, who sold, what quantity, what price, what time

□ Knowledge:

- > Where the market is going?
- > Whether we should buy, sell, or hold?

Probabilistic Blockchains



- Current blockchains allow only valid transactions
- Our Probabilistic Blockchains allow probabilistic statements: I think the attack is from Russia with 90% probability I am 80% confident that IBM stock will go up tomorrow 5%
- Allows risk assessment using a large number of opinions
 ⇒ Crowd sourcing of risk assessment
 ⇒ Particularly applicable to security risks
- □ Decisions are weighted by the reputation of the opinion makers Some people are experts on the topic ⇒ High Reputation Others are just bluffing ⇒ Low reputation after a few bluffs

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Blockchain Applications for IoT

- Error/reliability statistics of network/IoT devices
- Crowd-sourced knowledge, crowd source decisions
- □ Sensor Reputation => faulty sensors



Summary

- Smart ≠ High-Speed Computation, Smart ≠ Big Data Storage, Smart = Networked, Smart = Latest Technology
- AI, Machine Learning, Deep Learning is here.
 Need to move from smart things to intelligent things
- 3. AI was originally designed for image and language processing. Needs significant innovations for security applications. **Imbalance** and **Explainability**.
- 4. Blockchains offer a **decentralized** alternative to centralized solutions for IoT
- 5. We have extended blockchains to probabilistic blockchains which allow risk assessment and distributed decision making
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Acronyms

- **5**G Fifth Generation
- AAC Abstraction for Application Cloud
- AAS Application Service Abstraction
- AAS Application Service Abstraction
- AAW Abstraction for Application Workload
- ACM Automatic Computing Machinery
- ADCOM Advanced Computing and Communications
- □ AI Artificial Intelligence
- □ AI Artificial Intelligence
- ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuits
- **CCWC** Computing and Communication Workshop and Conference
- **COLAP** Cost optimized latency aware placement
- COLAP Cost optimized latency aware placement
- CSCloud Computer Science Cloud
- □ CSE Computer Science and Engineering
- DARPADefense Advanced Research Project Agency

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Acronyms (Cont)

- DDoS Distributed Denial of Service
- DDoS Distributed Denial of Service
- DECT Digital Enhanced Cordless Communication
- **DNS** Domain Name System
- DNS Domain Name Service
- **GPU** Graphics Processing Units
- □ HP Hewlett Packard
- HYPER-VINES HYbrid Learning Fault and Performance Issues ERadicator for VIrtual NEtwork Services over a Multi-cloud
- □ IEEE Institution of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
- □ IERC European Research
- □ IERC IOT European Research Cluster
- □ IoT Internet of Things
- □ IoT Internet of Things
- □ IP Internet Protocol
- LAN Local Area Network

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Acronyms (Cont)

- LPWAN Low-Power Wide Area Network
- MCAD Multi-Cloud Application Delivery
- □ ML Machine Learning
- □ ML Machine Learning
- NFV Network Function Virtualization
- NFV Network Function Virtualization
- OpenADN Open Application Delivery Network
- OpenADN Open Application Delivery Networking
- **RAN** Radio Access Networks
- **RAN** Radio Access Networks
- **RFID** Radio Frequence Identification
- **RFID** Radio Frequency Identifier
- **SCADA** Supervisory Control and Data Acquision
- SDS Software Defined Systems
- SIGCOMM Special Interest Group on Communications
 SW Software

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Acronyms (Cont)

- □ SW Software
- **TV** Television
- **TV** Television
- □ VC Venture Capitalist
- □ VM Virtual Machine
- □ VM Virtual Machines
- □ WAN Wide Area Network
- □ Wi-Fi Wireless Fidelity
- ImageXMLeXtended Markup Language

