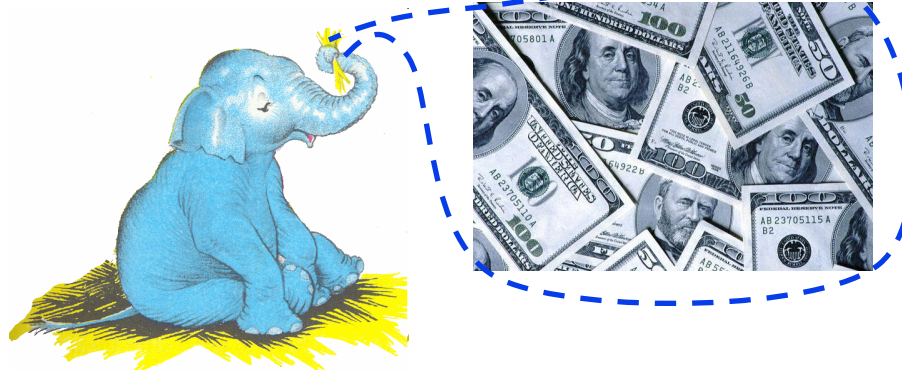


Networking Architectures for Big-Data Applications



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These slides and audio/video recordings of this talk are at:

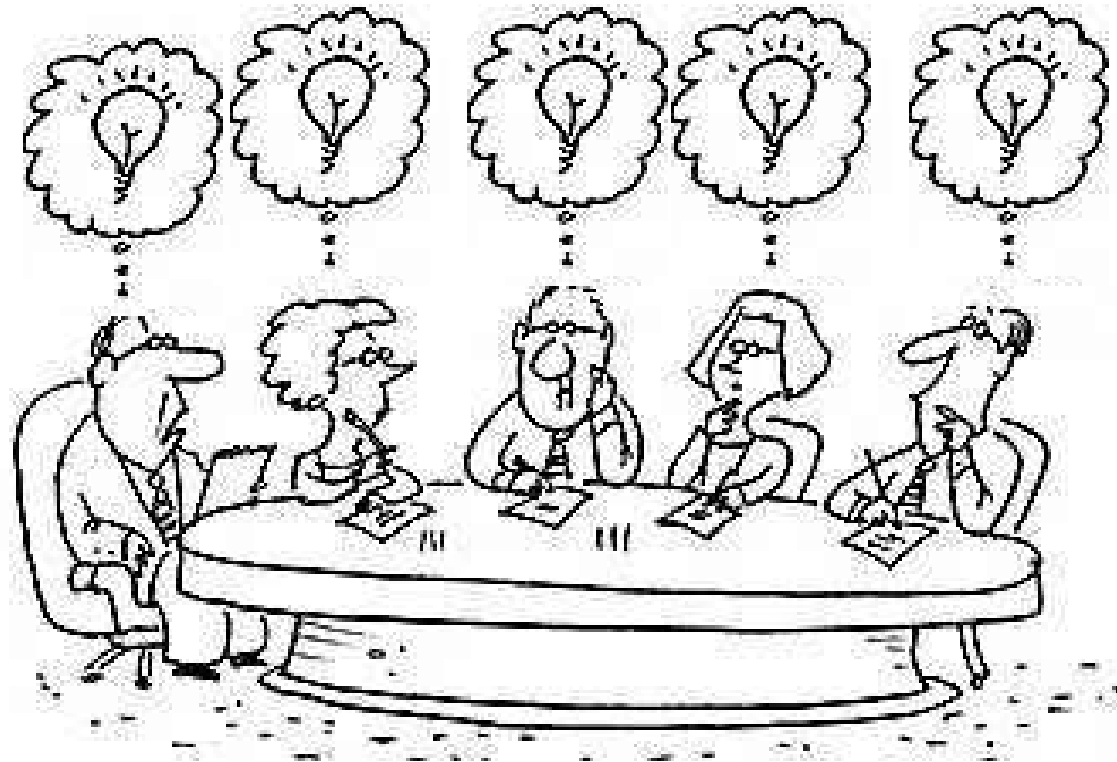
<http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/bigdata.htm>



1. Big Data: Why Now?
2. Database Solutions and Networking Bottlenecks
3. Intra-Cloud Solutions
4. Multi-Cloud Issue: OpenADN

Big Data: Why Now?

Search Database Analytics Storage Networking ...



“Big Data” first appeared as a problem in October 1997

Big Research Funding in Q2 2012 \Rightarrow Big Academic Interest in all fields

Ref: <http://whatsthebigdata.com/2012/06/06/a-very-short-history-of-big-data/>

Washington University in St. Louis

<http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/bigdata.htm>

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Samples of Recent News about Big Data

- ☞ NSF \$80M, DoD \$250M, DOE \$25M
<http://gigaom.com/cloud/obamas-big-data-plans-lots-of-cash-and-lots-of-open-data/>
- ☞ 10gen Scores \$42 Million in Big Data Funding
<http://cloudcomputing.sys-con.com/node/2286075> , May 30, 2012
- ☞ **ACCEL PARTNERS LAUNCHES \$100MM BIG DATA FUND**
<http://www.accel.com/bigdata>
- ☞ Big Data Funding Gets Bigger: IA Ventures Raised \$105 M, Double Its Previous Fund
<http://betabeat.com/2012/02/big-data-funding-gets-bigger-ia-ventures-raises-105-m-double-its-previous-fund/>

Magnitude of Data

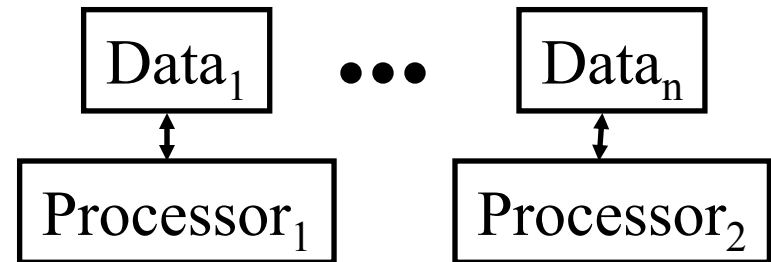
- ❑ 2.5 Exa ($=10^{18}$) bytes of information created per day
= 30k × US Library of Congress
- ❑ 9.57 Zetta ($=10^{21}$) bytes processed by servers in 2008
- ❑ One Zetta byte traffic on the Internet
- ❑ Solutions:
 - Database
 - Analytics
 - Storage
 - Networking
 - ...

Ref: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big_data

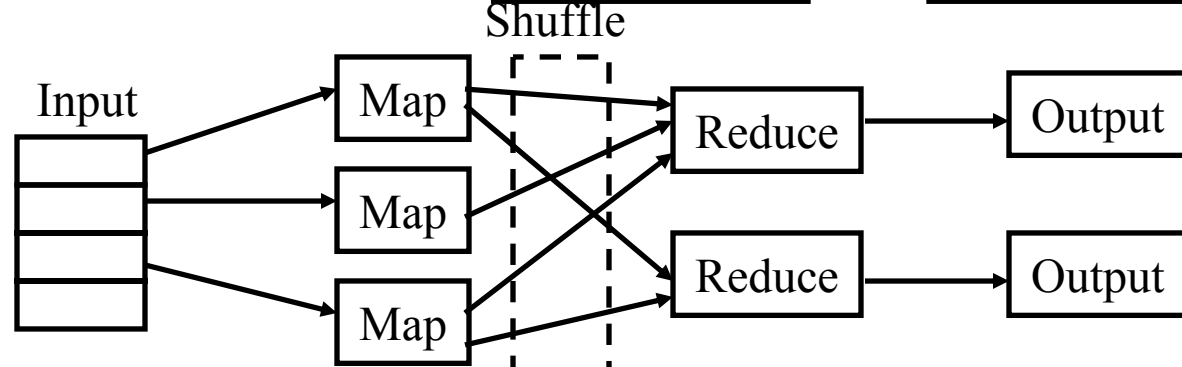
http://www.cisco.com/en/US/solutions/collateral/ns341/ns525/ns537/ns705/ns827/white_paper_c11-481360_ns827_Networking_Solutions_White_Paper.html

Database Solutions

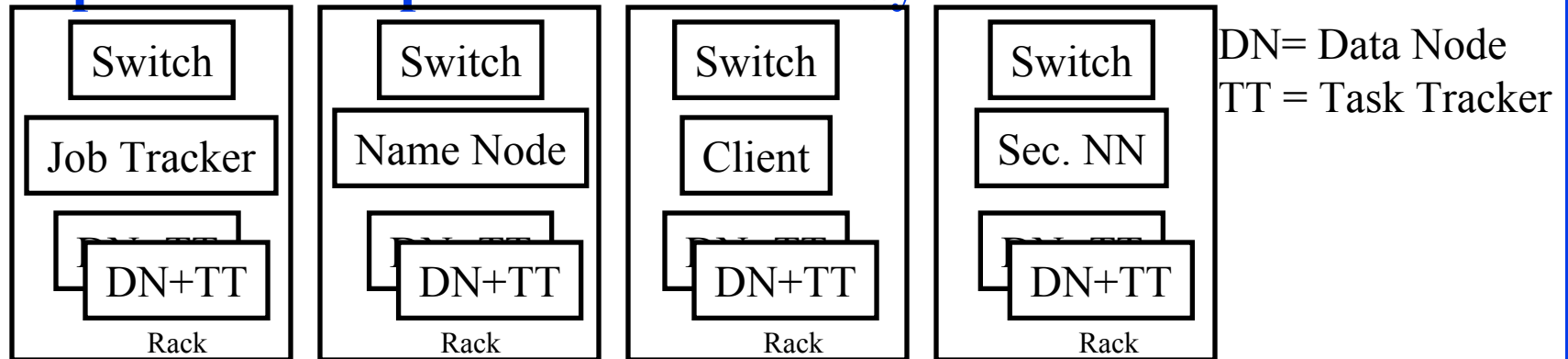
1. Share Nothing Architecture



2. Map-Reduce



3. Apache Hadoop Distributed File System

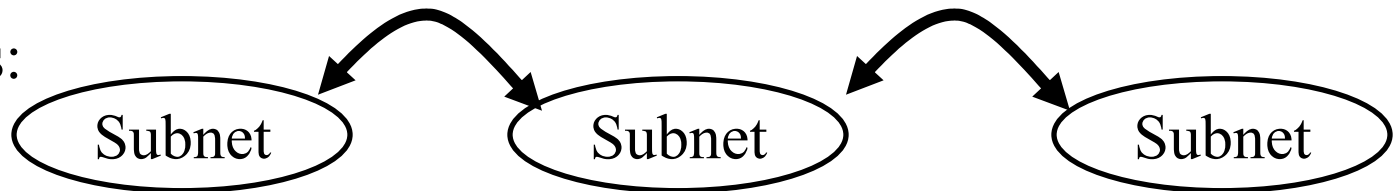


Networking Bottlenecks

1. Network Attached Storage (NAS):

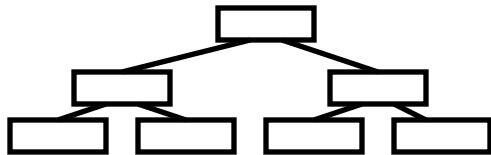
- Opposite of Share-nothing architecture
- Networking Bottleneck \Rightarrow Directly attached storage

2. IP Subnets:



- Routing much slower than switching
- Moving VMs between subnets Addressing issues
 \Rightarrow Keep communication in a subnet

3. L2 Fabric: Multi-switch latency \Rightarrow Single Rack Traffic



Intra-Cloud Solutions

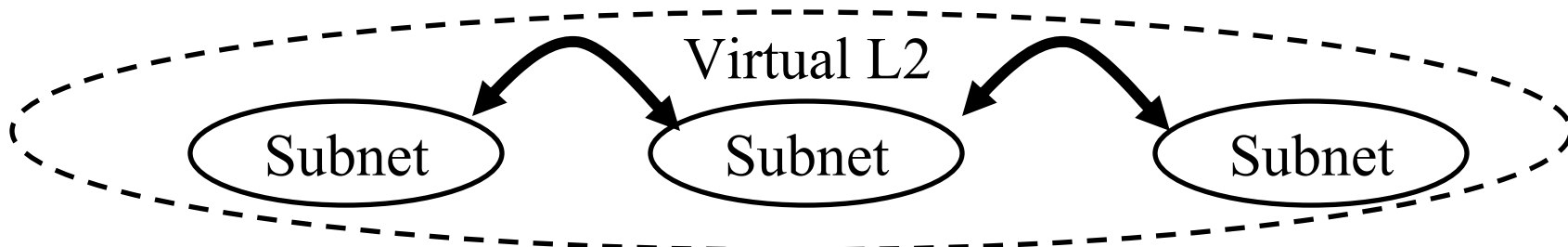
1. Flatter L2 Topologies:



2. **Virtualization**: Ethernet over IP (VXLAN, TRILL)

Multiple IP domains look like one L2 domain

Does not solve the latency issue



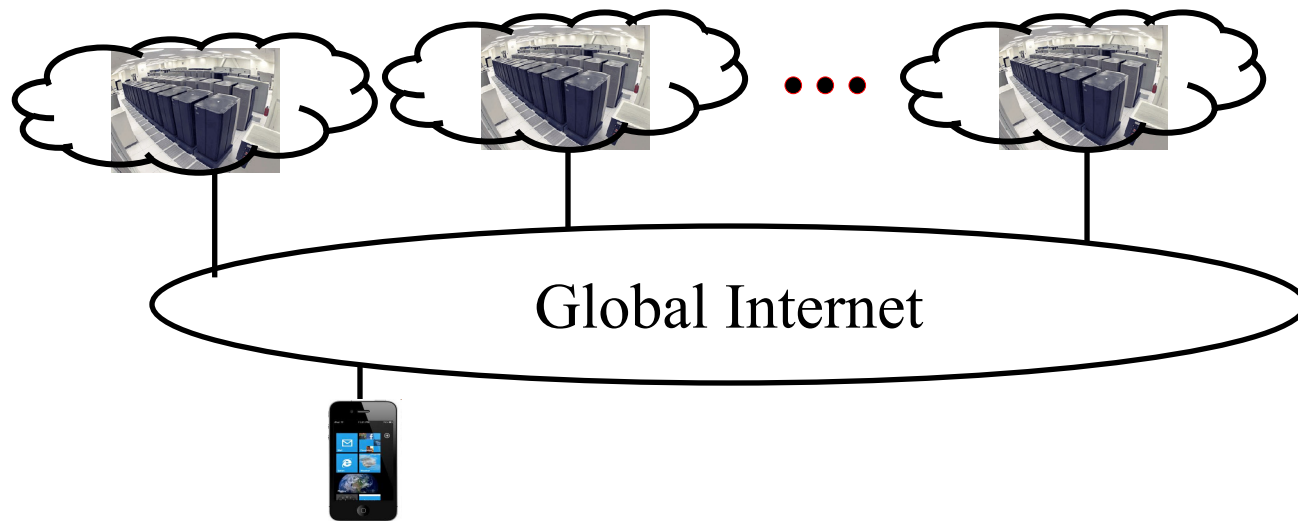
3. **Optimal Placement**: E.g., Camdoop uses reducers in the core

4. **Location Based Naming**: As in Tashi from CMU

5. **Programmable Networks**: Virtual topology similar to a single rack even though the systems are physically in different racks

Really Big Data: Multi-Cloud Issue

□ Example:



- Siri (Somewhat Intelligent Response Interpreter)
Needs to consult global databases
Where should the name tracker, data tracker, task tracker reside?

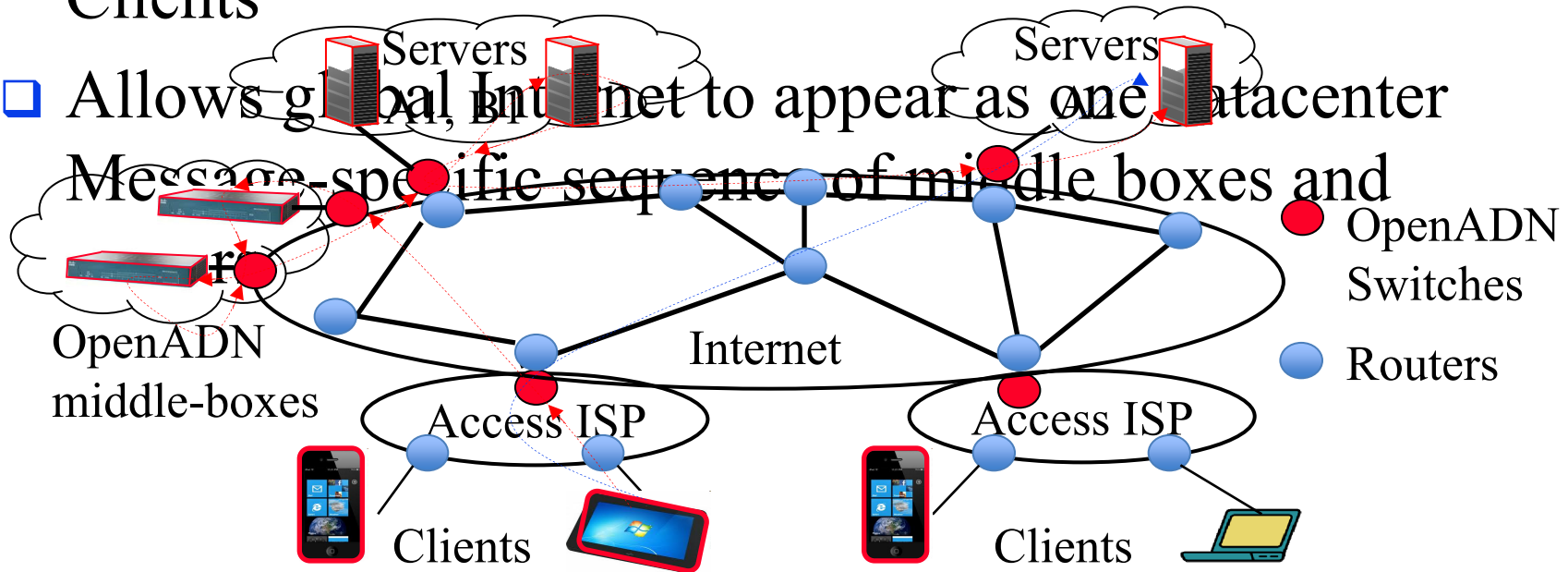
Our Solution: OpenADN

- Open Application Delivery Networking Platform.
Platform = Clients, Servers, Switches, and Middle-boxes

Servers = Name nodes, Task trackers, Data nodes, Clients

- Allows global Internet to appear as one datacenter

Message-specific sequence of middle boxes and



OpenADN Features

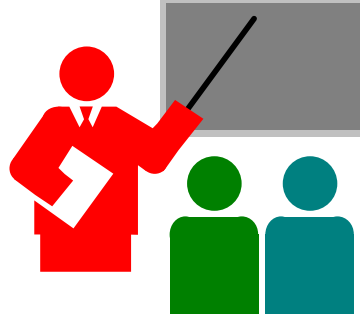
- ❑ Message-specific sequence of middle-boxes and Servers:
Name nodes, Task trackers, Data nodes, Clients
- ❑ Middle Boxes:
Load balancing, Fault tolerance, Intrusion Detection, ...
Control plane and data plane MBs
- ❑ Server mobility, User Mobility
- ❑ ISPs can offer proper routing and switching services without
visibility into data
CSPs (Cloud service providers) have visibility into data
- ❑ Message-specific policies

Key Features of OpenADN

1. Edge devices only.
Core network can be current TCP/IP based, OpenFlow and SDN based
2. Coexistence (Backward compatibility):
Old on New. New on Old
3. Incremental Deployment
4. Economic Incentive for first adopters
5. Resource owners (ISPs) keep complete control over their resources



Summary



1. Big data = Big Funding \Rightarrow Big Interest
2. Need networking architectures that complement Shared Nothing Architecture, Map Reduce, Hadoop File Systems
3. NAS needs to be redesigned.
Flat topologies are helpful.
Virtualization needs to include latency issues
4. Programmable networks are potential solution
5. Solving multi-cloud is important for really big global data sets.

Thank You!

