Current Trends in Networking With
Applications to Internet of Things and
Smart CitiesOrchestrator

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Cloud

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These slides and recording of this talk are available on-line at: http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/aeect17.htm

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- 1. Hot topics for research impact
- 2. Current Trends/hot topics in Networking
- 3. Areas for Research for Smart Cities
- 4. Blockchains for Smart Cities and Cyber Security

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Selecting the Right Problems

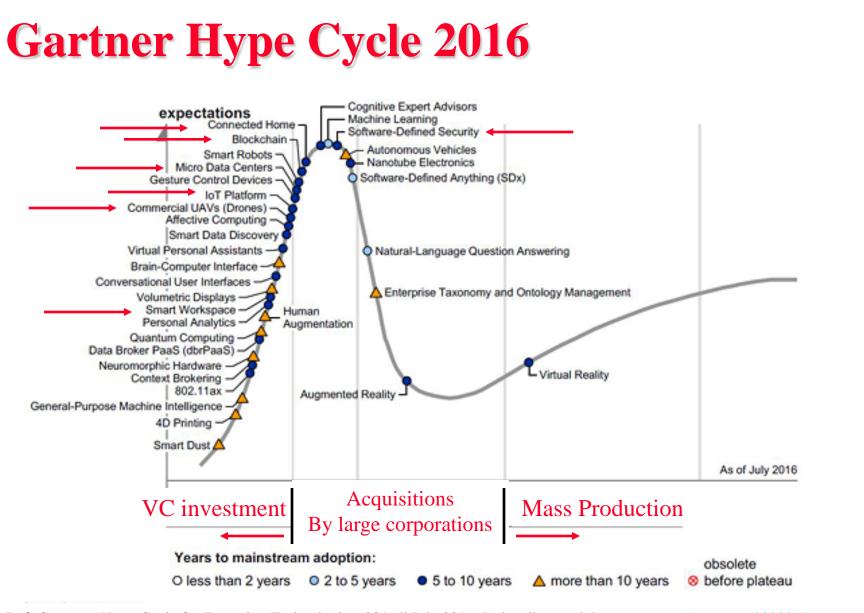
- **q** Important question for **students**, academics, entrepreneurs, and companies
- **q** Goal: To impact
- **q** Follow the **paradigm shifts**:
 - ø 1980: Ethernet
 - ø 1990: ATM Networks
 - ø 2000: Optical Networks
 - ø 2005: Wireless Networks
 - ø 2010: Next Generation Internet/SDN
 - ø 2013: Multi-Cloud Computing
 - ø 2017: Whatever is being **hyped** this year?

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Ref: Gartner, "Hype Cycle for Emerging Technologies, 2016," July 2016, [subscribers only], gartner.com/document/3383817Washington University in St. Louishttp://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/aeect1/.htm©2017 Raj Jain

Trend 1: Smart Everything



Smart Watch



Smart TV



Smart Car

Smart Kegs



Smart Health



Smart Home



Smart Space



Smart Industries



Smart Cities

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What's Smart?

- q Old: Smart = Can think Þ Computation= Can Recall Þ Storage
- q Now: Smart = Can find quickly, Can DelegateÞ Communicate = Networking
- **q** Smart Grid, Smart Meters, Smart Cars, Smart homes, Smart Cities, Smart Factories, Smart Smoke Detectors, ...



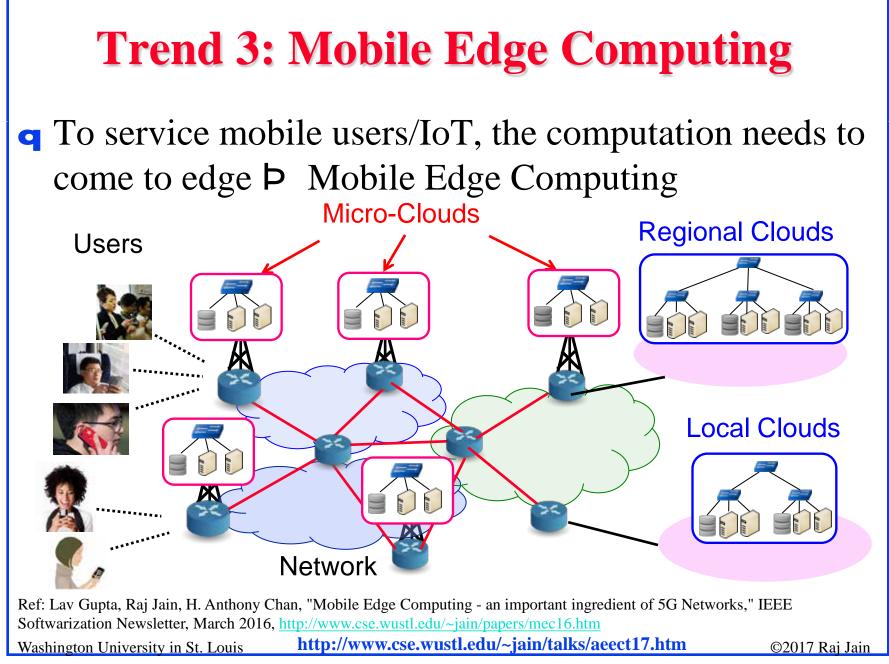
Trend 2: Micro-Cloud Computing

- **q** Cloud computing was invented in 2006
- **q** Then: Cloud = Large Data Center Multiple VMs managed by a cloud management system (OpenStack)
- **q** Today: Cloud = Computing using virtual resources
 - ø mCloud = Cloud in a server with multiple VMs.
 - Each VM with Multiple Containers \triangleright Multiple Services http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/aeect17.htm

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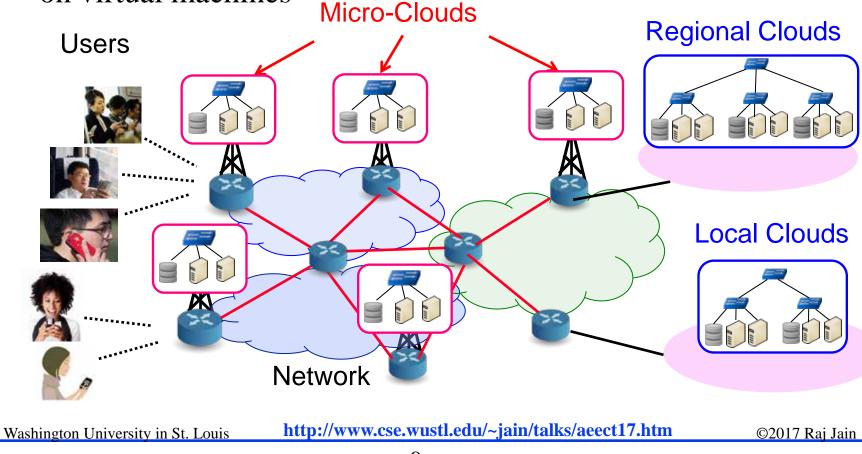






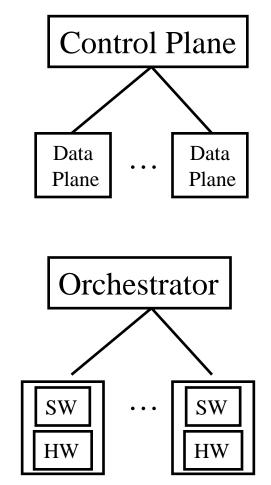
Trend 4: Micro-Services

q All major applications, such as, Facebook, Netflix, etc. consist of a number of micro-services that are instantiated on demand on virtual machines



Trend 5: Software Defined Everything

- **q** SDN was invented in 2009
- **q** Then: SDN:
 - ø Separation of control and data planes
 - ø Centralization of Control
 - ø Standard Protocol between the planes
- Now: Software Defined Everything (SDE) =
 Disaggregation of hw/sw
 - ø Commodity hardware
 - ø Software that runs on commodity hw
 - Ø Open Source SoftwareÞ Service industry
 - Controller replaced by Orchestrator
 - ø Centralization of policies

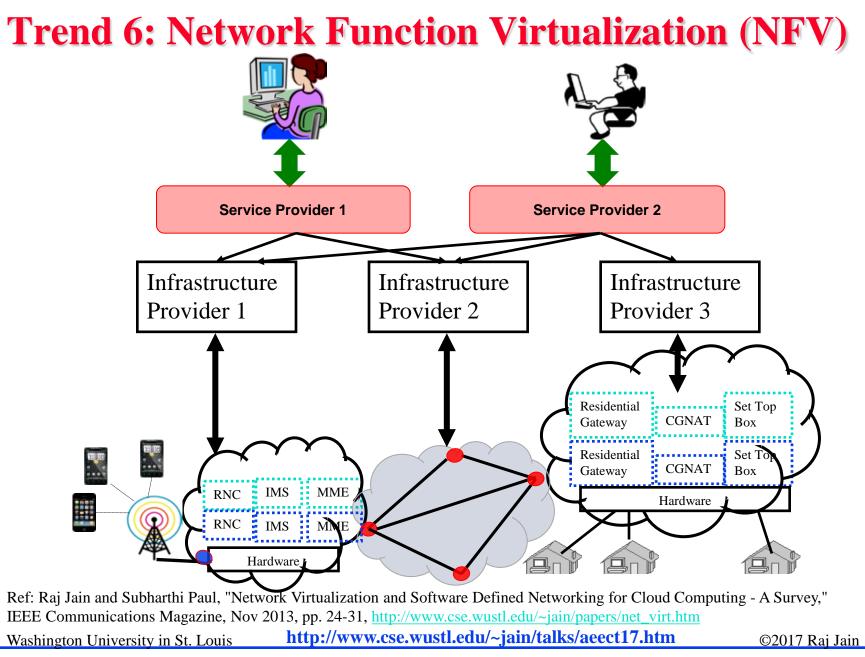


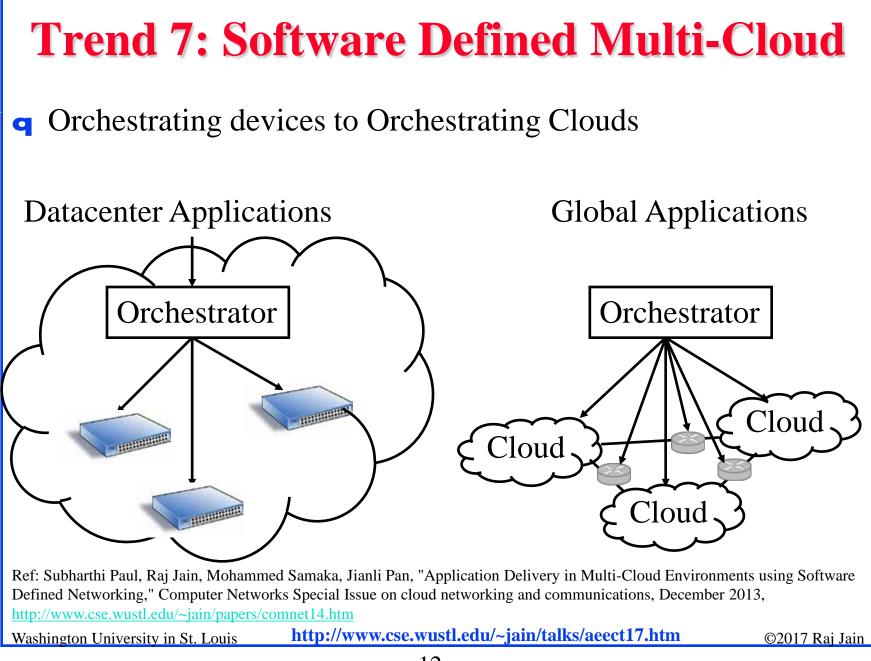
Ref: D. M Batista, G. Blair, F. Kon, R. Boutaba, D. Hutchison, R. Jain, R. Ramjee, C. Rothenberg, "Perspectives on software-defined networks: interviews with five leading scientists from the networking community" Journal of Internet Services and Applications 2015, 6:22, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/jisa15.htm</u>

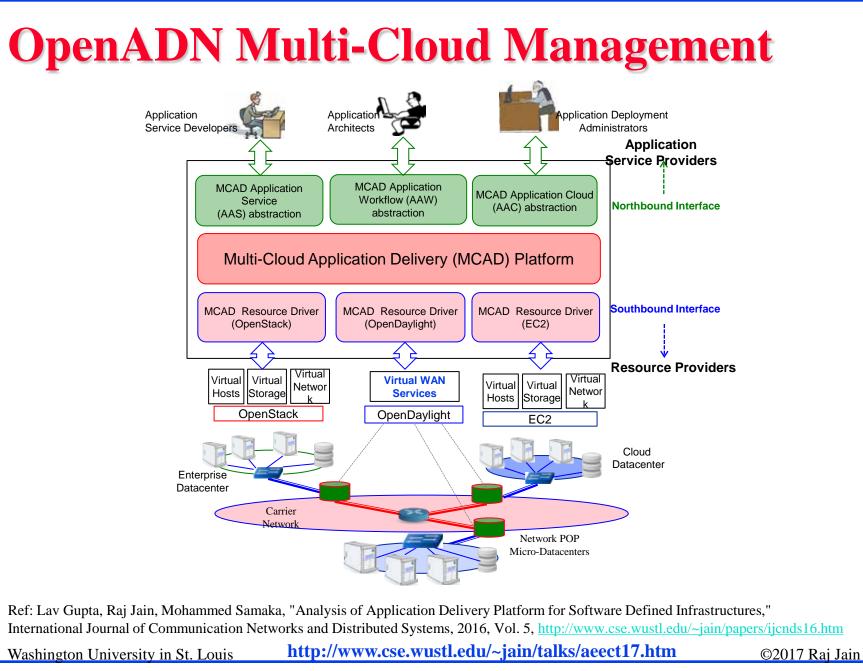
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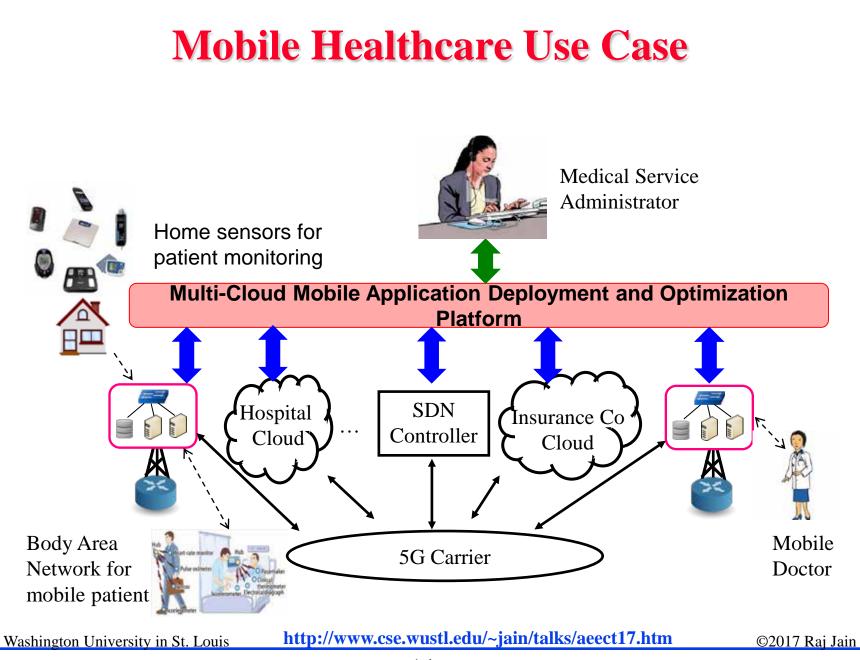
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What are the **Research** Problems for IoT and **Smart Cities**?

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A 7-Layer Model of IoT

	Services Energy, Entertainment, Health, Education, Transportation,			
ICT	Apps and SW	SDN, SOA, Collaboration, Apps, Clouds		
	Analytics	Machine learning, predictive analytics, Data mining,	Security	Management
	Integration	Sensor data, Economic, Population, GIS,		
	Interconnection	DECT/ULE, WiFi, Bluetooth, ZigBee, NFC,		
	Acquisition	Sensors, Cameras, GPS, Meters, Smart phones,		
ľ	Market	Smart Grid, Connected home, Smart Health, Smart Cities,		
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A 7-Layer Model of Smart Cities Services

Apps and SW

Analytics

Integration

Interconnection

Acquisition

Infrastructure

Energy, Entertainment, Health, Education, Transportation, water, ...

SDN, SOA, Collaboration, Apps, Clouds

Machine learning, predictive analytics, Data mining, ...

Sensor data, Economic, Population, GIS, ...

DECT/ULE, WiFi, Bluetooth, ZigBee, NFC, ...

Sensors, Cameras, GPS, Meters, Smart phones, ...

Roads, Trains, Buses, Buildings, Parks, ...

Ref: ISO/IEC JTC 1, "Smart Cities," 2014, http://www.iso.org/iso/smart_cities_report-jtc1.pdf http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/aeect17.htm Washington University in St. Louis

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Security

Management

Areas of Research for IoT/Smart Cities

- 1. PHY: Smart devices, sensors giving real-time information
- 2. Datalink: WiFi, Bluetooth, ZigBee, IEEE 802.15.4, ... Broadband: DSL, FTTH, Wi-Fi, 5G, ...
- 3. Routing: Mesh networking, ...
- 4. Analytics: Big-data, data mining, Machine learning, Predictive analytics, ...
- 5. Apps & SW: SDN, SOA, Cloud computing, Web-based collaboration, Social networking, ...
- 6. Applications: Remote health, On-line education, on-line laboratories, ...
- 7. Security: Privacy, Trust, Identity, Anonymity, ...

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Attack Surface

- 1. IoT Devices
- 2. IoT wireless access technology: DECT, WiFi, Z-wave, ...
- 3. IoT Gateway: Smart Phone
- 4. Home LAN: WiFi, Ethernet, Powerline, ...
- 5. **IP Network**: DNS, Routers, ...
- 6. Higher-layer Protocols
- 7. Cloud
- 8. Management Platform: Web interface
- 9. Life Cycle Management: Booting, Pairing, Updating, ...



Internet of Harmful Things

Researchers at DEFCON 3, hacked a smart toilet, making it flush incessantly and closing the lid repeatedly and unexpectedly. Causing a **Denial of Service** Attack.



 Ref: http://www.computerworld.com/article/2486502/

 security0/worm-may-create-an-internet-of-harmful-things--says-symantec--take-note--amazon-.html

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DEFCON







- **q** Hacker's conference
- **q** Held in Las Vegas every July
- **q** 20,000+ attendees
- **q** All anonymous

Ref: https://www.ethicalhacker.net/features/opinions/first-timers-experience-black-hat-defconWashington University in St. Louishttp://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/aeect17.htm

DEFCON 2017

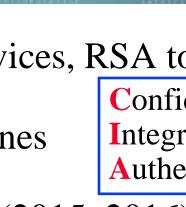
- **q** Hacking voting machines
- q Hack connected vehicles
- **q** Hacking the cloud
- **q** Hacking travel routers
- **q** Clone RFID in real time
- **q** Breaking the Uber badge ciphers
- q Counterfeit hardware security devices, RSA tokens
- q Fool antivirus software using AI
- **q** How to track government spy planes
- **q** Break bitcoin hardware wallets

- Confidentiality Integrity Authentication
- **q** DARPA Cyber Grand Challenge (2015, 2016)

Teaching CIA methods w/o hacking is not sufficient

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Trend 8: Blockchains

- **q** Blockchain is the technology that made Bitcoin secure
- q Blockchain was invented by the inventor of Bitcoin
- After Bitcoin became successful, people started looking into the technology behind Bitcoin and found:
 - ø Blockchain is the key for its success
 - Two complete strangers can complete a transaction without a third party

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Example of a Contract: Wedding





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Wedding (Cont)

q Centralized

q Decentralized





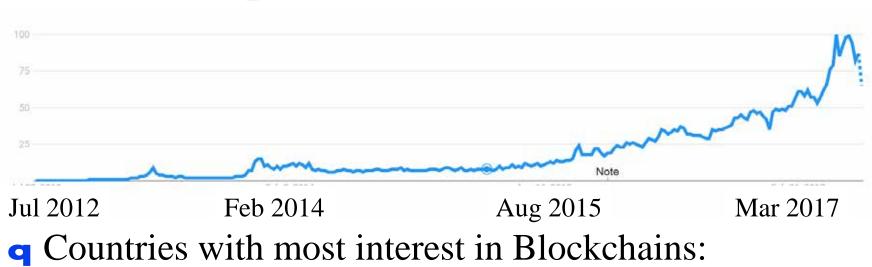
- q Centralized registryq Single point of failure
- **q** Easier to hacked

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- **q** Decentralized
- **q** No single point of failure
- **q** Very difficult to hack

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Google Trend: Blockchains







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Trend: Centralized to Decentralized

- **Trend**: Make everything decentralized with no central point of control
- **q** Two perfect strangers can exchange money, make a contract without a trusted third party
- **q** Decentralized systems are
 - 1. More reliable: Fault tolerant
 - 2. More secure: Attack tolerant
 - 3. No single bottleneck \triangleright Fast
 - 4. No single point of control \triangleright No monopoly
- **q** Blockchain is one way to do this among **untrusted multi-domain** systems.

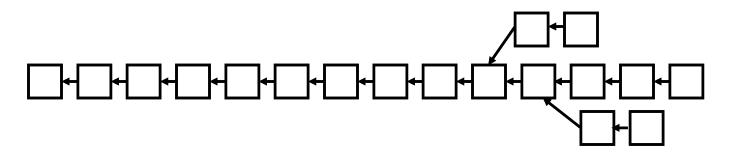
Time is a cycle: Distributed vs. Centralized debate

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Blockchains

q How is it done?

- A singly linked chain of blocks of verified signed transactions is replicated globally on millions of nodes
- ø You will have to change millions of nodes to attack/change



Who is interested: Banks, Hospitals, Venture Capitalists, ...
 A Researchers, students, ...

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Examples of Centralized Systems

- **q** Banks: Allow money transfer between two accounts
- **q** Currency: Printed and controlled by the government
- **q** Stock Exchanges: Needed to buy and sell stocks
- **q** Networks: Certificate Authorities, DNS
- **q** In all cases:
 - 1. There is a central third party to be trusted
 - 2. Central party maintains a large database of information *Þ* Attracts Hackers
 - 3. Central party may be hacked \triangleright affects millions
 - 4. Central party is a single point of failure. Can malfunction or be bribed.

Ref: A. Narayanan, et al, "Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies," Princeton University Press, 2016, 304 pp.Washington University in St. Louishttp://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/talks/aeect17.htm

Blockchains For Cities

- **q** Land titles
- **q** Vehicle registries
- **q** Business license
- **q** Criminal records
- **q** Passports
- **q** Birth certificates
- **q** Death certificates
- **q** Building permits

q Gun permits

 Ref: http://ledracapital.com/blog/2014/3/11/Bitcoin-series-24-the-mega-master-blockchain-list

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Networking Applications of Blockchains

- **q** Multi-Domain Systems:
 - ø Multiple Cloud Service Providers
 - ø Multiple cellular providers
 - ø Multi-Interface devices: WiFi, Cell, Bluetooth, ...
 - ø BGP: BGP Authentication
- **q** Globally Centralized Systems:

ø DNS

ø Certificate Authorities

Explore blockchains for multi-domain/centralized systems

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City-University Partnership

- Presence of universities is a weak predictor of new educational startups
 Universities need to connect
- Universities can help local government with the technology development, adoption, training, and analytics
- **q** What Can we (Researchers) Do?
 - Extend our research in to applications that are large scale



- ø Develop collaborations for integration of fields
- ø Provide proof-of-concepts
- ø Provide Open-Source development environment

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Summary

- Smart ≠ High-Speed Computation, Smart ≠ Big Data Storage, Smart = Networked
- 2. Smart Cities research areas are easy via the 7-layer model Research issues in every layer: Sensors, data link, routing, applications, analytics.
- 3. Clouds are getting smaller, Carriers and enterprises moving to clouds, leading to clouds everywhere ▷ multi-cloud
- 4. Our MCAD abstracts/virtualizes the cloud interfaces and allows automated management of security and other policies of multi-cloud applications
- 5. Cyber security is important for smart cities and blockchains may offer a potential solution to some problems.

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Related Papers

- **q** Deval Bhamare, Mohammed Samaka, Aiman Erbad, Raj Jain, Lav Gupta, H. Anthony Chan, "Optimal Virtual Network Function Placement and Resource Allocation in Multi-Cloud Service Function Chaining Architecture," Computer Communications, Vol. 102, April 2017, pp. 1-16, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/comcom17.htm</u>
- q Tara Salman, Raj Jain, "A Survey of Protocols and Standards for Internet of Things," Advanced Computing and Communications, Vol. 1, No. 1, March 2017, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/iot_accs.htm</u>
- q Deval Bhamare, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, Aiman Erbad, "A Survey on Service Function Chaining," Journal of Network and Computer Applications, Vol. 75, Nov 2016, pp. 138-155, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/jnca16.htm</u>
- q Lav Gupta, Prof Raj Jain, Prof Mohammed Samaka, Prof Aiman Erbad, and Dr. Deval Bhamare, "Performance Evaluation of Multi-Cloud Management and Control Systems," Recent Advances in Communications and Network Technology, 2016, Vol. 5, Issue 1, pp. 9-18, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/racnt.htm</u>
- **q** Lav Gupta, Raj Jain, H. Anthony Chan, "**Mobile Edge Computing an important ingredient of 5G Networks**," IEEE Softwarization Newsletter, March 2016, <u>http://sdn.ieee.org/newsletter/march-2016/mobile-edge-</u> <u>computing-an-important-ingredient-of-5g-networks</u>

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q Lav Gupta, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, "Analysis of Application Delivery Platform for Software Defined Infrastructures," International Journal of Communication Networks and Distributed Systems, 2016, Vol.17, No.3, pp.296 - 314, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/ijcnds16.htm</u>

q Lav Gupta, M. Samaka, Raj Jain, Aiman Erbad, Deval Bhamare, H. Anthony Chan, "Fault and Performance Management in Multi-Cloud Based NFV using Shallow and Deep Predictive Structures," 26th International Conference on Computer Communications and Networks (ICCCN 2017), Vancouver, Canada, July 31-Aug 3, 2017, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/icccn17.htm</u>

- q Tara Salman, Deval Bhamare, Aiman Erbad, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, "Machine Learning for Anomaly Detection and Categorization in Multi-cloud Environments," The 4th IEEE International Conference on Cyber Security and Cloud Computing (IEEE CSCloud 2017), New York, June 26-28, 2017, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/cscloud.htm</u>
- q Deval Bhamare, Mohammed Samaka, Aiman Erbad, Raj Jain, Lav Gupta, H. Anthony Chan, "Multi-Objective Scheduling of Micro-Services for Optimal Service Function Chains," International Conference on Communications (ICC 2017), May 21-25, 2017, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/icc17.htm</u>

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- **q** Deval Bhamare, Aiman Erbad, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, "Automated Service Delivery Platform for C-RANs," The IEEE Third International Workshop on Mobile Cloud Computing systems, Management, and Security (MCSMS) 2017, Valencia Spain, May 8-11, 2017, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/mcsms17.htm</u>,
- q Lav Gupta, Mohammed Samaka, Raj Jain, Aiman Erbad, Deval Bhamare, Chris Metz, "COLAP: A Predictive Framework for Service Function Chain Placement in a Multi-cloud Environment," The 7th IEEE Annual Computing and Communication Workshop and Conference (CCWC), Las Vegas, Jan 9-11, 2017, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/clp_ccwc.htm</u>
- **q** Deval Bhamare, Tara Salman, Mohammed Samaka, Aiman Erbad, Raj Jain, "Feasibility of Supervised Machine Learning for Cloud Security," 3rd International Conference on Information Science and Security (ICISS2016), December 19th - 22nd, 2016, Pattaya, Thailand,, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/iciss16.htm</u>
- Q Subharthi Paul, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, Aiman Erbaud, "Service Chaining for NFV and Delivery of other Applications in a Global Multi-Cloud Environment," 21st Annual International Conference on Advanced Computing and Communications (ADCOM) 2015, Chennai, India, September 18-20, 2015,

http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/adn_in15.htm

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- **q** Deval Bhamare, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, Gabor Vaszkun, Aiman Erbad, "Multi-Cloud Distribution of Virtual Functions and Dynamic Service Deployment: OpenADN Perspective," 2015 IEEE International Conference on Cloud Engineering (IC2E), Tempe, AZ, March 9-13, 2015, pp. 299-304, <u>http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/vm_dist.htm</u>
- q Lav Gupta, Raj Jain, Mohammed Samaka, "Dynamic Analysis of Application Delivery Network for Leveraging Software Defined Infrastructures," 2015 IEEE International Conference on Cloud Engineering (IC2E), Tempe, AZ, March 9-13, 2015, pp. 305-310, http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/papers/profile.htm

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