

# **JEE2330 – Spring 2025**

## **Lab #1 Values and Notes**

### **Experimental Procedures:**

Section 1.5.1 – Use and Limitations of DC Voltmeters (Figure 1.8 on Page 1-16)

Part a:  $V_{S1} = 16$  volts  $R_{1a} = 33 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{2a} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$

Part b:  $V_{S1} = 16$  volts  $R_{1b} = 3.3 \text{ M}\Omega$   $R_{2b} = 4.7 \text{ M}\Omega$

Section 1.5.2 – Current Measurement via Series Resistance or DC Ammeter (Figure 1.9 on Page 1-16)

Part a:  $I_S = 5 \text{ mA}$   $R_{3a} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{4a} = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$

Part b:  $I_S = 5 \text{ mA}$   $R_{3b} = 100 \Omega$   $R_{4b} = 120 \Omega$

Section 1.5.3 – Measurement of Current in a Current Divider Circuit (Figure 1.10 on Page 1-17)

Part a:  $I_S = 5 \text{ mA}$   $R_{3a} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{4a} = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{5a} = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$

Part b:  $I_S = 5 \text{ mA}$   $R_{3b} = 100 \Omega$   $R_{4b} = 120 \Omega$   $R_{5b} = 120 \Omega$

Section 1.5.4 – Thevenin and Norton Equivalent Circuits (Figure 1.11 on Page 1-18)

$V_{in} = 20$  volts  $R_{11} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{12} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{13} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$

$R_{14} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$   $R_{15} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Decade Resistance Box ( $R_L$ ) Values:

- (i)  $R_L = \infty$  (open circuit)
- (ii)  $R_L = R_{16} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$
- (iii)  $R_L = R_{17} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
- (iv)  $R_L = R_{18} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$
- (v)  $R_L = 0 \Omega$  (short circuit)

### **Design Problem:**

Omit Sections 1.6.5.4 – 1.6.5.5 on page 1-23

### **Report Grading:**

<u>Data Sheets:</u>	10 points
<u>Section 1.6.1:</u>	16 points parts 1.6.1.1 – 1.6.1.4 (4 points each)
<u>Section 1.6.2:</u>	24 points parts 1.6.2.1 – 1.6.2.8 (3 points each)
<u>Section 1.6.3:</u>	20 points parts 1.6.3.1 – 1.6.3.4 (5 points each)
<u>Section 1.6.4:</u>	20 points parts 1.6.4.1 (5 points), 1.6.4.2 – 1.6.4.6 (3 points each)
<u>Section 1.6.5:</u>	10 points parts 1.6.5.1 – 1.6.5.2 (3 points each), 1.6.5.3 (4 points)