REVIEW PROBLEMS No. 27

Textbook: Problems 32.1, 32.2

Problem S27.1 Consister a system identical to the M/G/1 queue except that whenever the system empties out, service does not restart until after there are k jobs in the system, where k is a fixed parameter. Once service starts. jobs are served as in the M/G/1 queue. Establish that

1. The following steady-state probabilities verify

$$P\{\text{system empty}\} = \frac{1-\rho}{k}$$

$$P\{\text{system non-empty and waiting}\} = \frac{(k-1)(1-\rho)}{k}$$

$$P\{\text{system non-empty and serving}\} = \rho$$

2. The average length of a busy period (non-empty system) is given by

$$E[B_{(k)}] = \frac{\rho + k - 1}{\lambda(1 - \rho)}$$

Verify that $E[B_{(k)}]$ is equal to the sum of the time between the arrival of the first job to an empty system and the start of its service time and the duration of k average busy periods in a regular M/G/1 system (k=1).

3. Assume that we are dividing the system's busy period into busy/waiting and busy/serving periods. Show that the average number of customers in the system in a busy/waiting period is k/2 and that it is given with the expression of Eq. (1) for the busy/serving period.

$$\frac{N_{\text{M/G/1}}}{\rho} + \frac{k-1}{2} \tag{1}$$

where $N_{\text{M/G/1}}$ is the average number in the system in the busy period of a regular M/G/1 queue (k=1). [**Hint**: Relate the busy/serving portion of a busy period to k independent busy periods of the corresponding regular M/G/1 queue (k=1)].

4. The average number in the system is

$$N_{\text{M/G/1}} + \frac{k-1}{2}$$

Note: Problem S27.1 is a review of concepts seen earlier, and not about the material of Chatper 32.