CSE 247 Data Structures and Algorithms

Spring Semester 2019

Lab 13 Post-Lab Writeup

Assigned: 4/17/2019 Due Date: 4/26/2019

After you have successfully completed your shortest path code, answer the following questions. For each of 2-5, please be sure to **justify** the running times you claim using what you know about the cost of Dijkstra's algorithm and the meaning of dense and sparse graphs.

- 1. Briefly describe how you constructed the path list in returnPath(). Which end of the list did you append edges to, and why?
- 2. Suppose we know that our input graph G = (V, E) is dense. What is the asymptotic running time of Dijkstra's algorithm on G in terms of the number of vertices |V|?
- 3. Now suppose we know that our input graph G = (V, E) is sparse. What is the asymptotic running time in terms of |V|?

A Fibonacci heap is a fancy priority queue data structure. For a heap of size n, it takes $\Theta(\log n)$ time to do an extractMin() operation but only O(1) time to do an insert or decrease. Suppose we replace the binary heap used in Dijkstra's algorithm by a Fibonacci heap.

- 4. If the graph is dense, what is the asymptotic complexity of Dijkstra's algorithm using a Fibonacci heap, in terms of |V|?
- 5. If the graph is sparse, what is the asymptotic complexity of Dijkstra's algorithm using a Fibonacci heap, in terms of |V|?